RISK ASSESSMENT

Site Location	TF2 9PB	Task/Activity	Toilet Block (Play Area)	Ris	k As	ssessme	ent No):	RA/RM/HS/0 16A
Completed By:	Helen Sha	w Reason for Risk Assessment	Covid 19 - Coronavirus	Dat	te:				23/02/2022
Signed:		SWP Ref. No:	016B	Rev	view	/ Date:			23/05/2022
Persons at Risk	🛛 All 🗌 M	1embers Only							
Hazard Identifica		Who might be harmed	Controls Required	Severity of Harm		Likelihood of Occurrence			Further Control Measures Necessary
Spread of Covid19- SARSCov Airborne transmission of dro particles containing the virus by humans. Touch transmission by huma virus contaminated surfaces	oplets and s breathed in ans touching	All persons using the toilet block. Members. Those with underlying health conditions. Anyone who physically comes into contact with you.	 Hand Washing Hand washing facilities with soap and water in place. Stringent hand washing taking place. Drying of hands with disposable paper towels. Members encouraged to protect the skin by applying emollient cream regularly Gel sanitisers in any area where washing facilities not readily available 	4	×	2	= 8	c t v t c t iii iii a r	Members to be reminded on a regular basis to wash their hands for 20 seconds with water and soap and the importance of proper drying with disposable towels. Also reminded to catch coughs and sneezes on tissues – Follow Catch t, Bin it, kill it and to avoid touching face, eyes, nose or mouth with unclean hands.
			Frequently cleaning and disinfecting objects and surfaces that are touched regularly particularly in areas of high use such as door handles, light switches, using appropriate cleaning products and methods.						Cleaning schedules to be completed.

Social Distancing Maintain a safe distancing. Don't stand talking in the sink area and doorways.	Posters, leaflets and other materials are available for display. Committee Officers to ensure that the necessary procedures are being followed.
<u>Toilets</u> Cleaning should include but not limited to the toilet seat and flush lever, all door handles and any other fitting or fixture that may have come into contact.	Members to be reminded of the importance of social distancing.
Sinks It will be the responsibility of each member to ensure the appropriate cleaning is completed after use. Cleaning should include but not limited to wiping all worktops, mirrors,	Cleaning schedules to be completed. Committee Officers to ensure that the necessary procedures are being followed.
Wearing of Gloves Where Risk Assessment identifies wearing of gloves as a	Cleaning schedules to be completed Committee Officers to ensure that the necessary procedures are being
	Maintain a safe distancing. Don't stand talking in the sink area and doorways.

				Members to be reminded that wearing of gloves is not a substitute for good hand washing
Officer	Rob McMillan	Signature	Date:	

	RISK ASSESSMENT ACTION	PLAN		
Further control measures necessary	Agreed actions:	Actionee:	Date Due:	Date Action Completed:



RISK ASSESSMENT GUIDANCE

	Hazard Identification					
When undertaking a risk assessment consider the following hazards (this list is not exhaustive and other hazards may be present						
Acid	Falling / flying objects	Other people				
Adverse weather	Falls from height	Physiological Capabilities (Human Factors)				
Asphyxiation / drowning	Ground collapse / failure	Pressure systems				
Chemicals / harmful substances	Heat / fire / explosion	Psychological Capabilities (Human Factors)				
Confined spaces	High / low temperature	Structural failure				
Contact with moving parts / machinery	Human Behaviour	Underground / overhead services				
Dust / fumes	Inadequate Lighting	Uneven ground				
Electricity	Lone Working	Unsafe access / egress				
Explosion	Machines / objects overturning	Use of power tools				
Failure of lifting equipment	Manual handling	Vehicle movements				
Failure of tools / equipment	Noise	Vibration exposure				

		Ре	rsons at Ri	sk		
All	Members	Young Persons	Contractors	Visitors	Member of Public	

	RA - Form Guidance
(1) Hazard Identification	Put in all the potential hazards associated with the task (Consider hazard list above).
(2) Associated Risk (3) Current Controls	Put in the likely effects i.e., cuts, burns, broken limbs, damage to property.
(3) Current Controls	Put in the existing controls i.e., SWP, procedures, Guards, demarcation, PPE.
(4) Severity of Harm	Estimate the severity (Scale 1 to 5 see severity indicator).
(5) Likelihood of Occurrence	Estimate the likelihood (Scale 1 to 5 see likelihood indicator).
(6) Risk Rating	Multiply the severity of harm score with the likelihood of occurrence score.
(7) Further controls necessary	State if further controls are required to control / reduce the risk. Complete action plan

	Severity					
1 Mii	nor injury no lost time					
	nor Lost time Injury under 7 days					
3 Serious lost time injury over 7 days						
	jor Injury (Specified Major under RIDDOR)					
5 Fat	tality					
	Likelihood					
1 Ra	re (may occur only in exceptional circumstances)					
	likely (may occur sometime)					
	ssible (should occur at some time)					
4 Lik	ely (event will probably occur in most circumstances)					
Alr	nost certain (event is expected to occur in most					
	cumstances)					
	,					
	Risk rating					
	UNACCEPTABLE RISK - Stop the task or do not allow it					
High	to start until further controls have been implemented					
15 to 25	in order to reduce the risk as low as is reasonably					
15 (0 25	practicable (a balance of cost and risk) and ideally to					
	achieve a low-risk rating.					
	RISK MAY BE UNACCEPTABLE - It may be acceptable					
Medium	to implement temporary control measures to achieve					
7 to 14	the required level of risk reduction until more					
	permanent measures are in place.					
	ACCEPTABLE RISK - Task may continue presuming					
1	controls are implemented and monitored.					
Low 1 to 6	Where additional low or no cost control measures can					
1 10 8	be implemented, particularly where this encourages					
	employee engagement, these should be considered.					
	Hierarchy of Control					
	Hierarchy of Control Get rid of the hazard; replace it with something					
Eliminate	less hazardous.					
	Reduce the level of risk by reducing the nature					
Reduce	of the hazard, e.g., use small quantities, lower					
	voltage etc					
Tealsta	Isolate the hazard from people, for example by					
I solate	guarding					
Control	Control exposure to the hazard by controlling					
C ontrol	who has access or limiting exposure time					
PPE	Personnel Protective Equipment					
Discipline	Training and Supervision					